[Grant-in-Aid for Specially Promoted Research] Science and Engineering (Chemistry)



Title of Project : Theoretical Study of Complex Electronic Systems Including d Electron: Fundamental Understanding and Prediction by New Electronic Structure Calculation Method for Large Systems Shigeyoshi Sakaki (Kyoto University, Institute for Integrated Cell-Material Sciences, Professor)

Research Area : Fundamental Chemistry (Physical Chemistry)

Keyword : Electronic Structure, Theoretical Chemistry, Chemical Reaction, Coordination Chemistry, Metal Complex/Organometallic Catalysts

[Purpose and Background of the Research]

which have Molecules transition metal, non-transition metal, non-metallic heavy elements, and organic groups exhibit varieties of geometry, chemical bond, physicochemical property, and reactivity. As a result, such molecules play important roles in basic and applied chemistry fields. Also, their complex electronic structures are challenging research target in theoretical/computational chemistry and molecular science. However, these molecules are not always investigated well with DFT method which is often applied to large system, presence because of the of large electron-correlation effects.

In this theoretical/computational study, we wish to propose a new hybrid-electronic structure method by combination of our own frontier-orbital-consistent effective potential and high-quality computational (FOC-EP) methods based on wavefunction. Our main purposes here are to present fundamental understanding of geometries, bonding nature, physicochemical properties, and reactivity of complex systems including transition metal, non-transition metal, and/or non-metallic heavy elements and organic group. Our main targets are multi-nuclear transition metal systems containing multiple-bond, complex systems consisting of transition metal, non-transition metal, heavy non-metallic elements and organic groups, nano-scale carbon materials containing transition metal and/or non-transition metal elements, and catalytic reactions by transition metal systems. Some of our targets are shown in Figure 1.



Figure 1 Examples investigated in this work

[Research Methods]

A new hybrid method based on wavefunction is employed here, as well as DFT. The hybrid method is constructed by the combination of FOC-EP and FMO, ONIOM, CASPT2, or SAC/SAC-CI method to perform high-quality calculation with electronic effects of substituent. Also, we will propose an analysis method of complex systems by the linear combination of fragment molecular orbital. Above-mentioned large systems will be investigated with the hybrid electronic structure theory, in which the FOC-EP will be applied to incorporate electronic effects of substituents omitted in model. For instance. multi-nuclear transition metal complexes including multiple metal-metal bond will be investigated by the CASPT2 method combined with the FOC-EP and analyzed.

[Expected Research Achievements and Scientific Significance]

The hybrid electronic structure calculation method presented here can be applied to general large complex systems bearing complicated electronic structure. The theoretical knowledge of metal-metal and metal-non-metal bonds, electronic structures, physicochemical properties, and reactivity of complex systems provides us with non-classical new understanding. We believe that all these findings contribute to new development of molecular science and its application to engineering.

[Publications Relevant to the Project]

- S. Sakaki, Y.-y. Ohnishi, H. Sato, *Chem. Record.*, 10, 29-45 (2010).
- N. Ochi, Y. Matano, Y. Nakao, H. Sato, S. Sakaki, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 131, 10955-10963 (2009).
- **Term of Project** FY2010-2014
- **(Budget Allocation)** 353,500 Thousand Yen
- [Homepage Address and Other Contact Information]

http://www.users.iimc.kyoto-u.ac.jp/~z59354 sakaki@moleng.kyoto-u.ac.jp