Principal Res	searcher	Toshiyul	ki WAKATS	SUKI			Number	of	4
		5					Resear		
Research Inst	titution P	Professor,	Faculty of	Life and	l Envi	ironmental	Locati	on of	Matsue
• Department • Title Science,		-				Instit			
Title of Watershed Ecological Engineering for Sustainable Increase of Food Production an									
Project	Restoration of Degraded Environment in West Africa								
Abstract of	Past 16 years the project leader has been continued various surveys and trials on on-farm								
Research	researches and participatory developments at two benchmark watersheds in Guinea Savanna								
Project	zone, Nigeria and Forest Transitional zone, Ghana. Major target is to develop sustainable								
	eco-technologies to increase food, especially rice, and the same time to restore the degraded								
	watershed. The results showed that various sawah based rice farmings in lowland is a key								
	technology. This further enforces the improvement of the traditional mixed cropping and								
	agroforestry systems in upland. Major outcome of this research is to consolidate a comprehensive plan for the sustainable development of 20 million ha of lowland sawah systems. Based on the increase food productivity through the sawah development, our final target is the regeneration of 200 million ha of forest in West Africa. A prototype technology to convert various organic wastes to functional humified organic fertilizer has been developed recently by this research group. Various degrees of refractory, humified, organic fertilizers may become a core of revolutionary technology to restore upland soils in tropics where rapid decomposition of organic matter is the major limiting factor for sustain the soil fertility, conserve hydrological cycles, and carbon sequestration in soils. Japan has been chaired the TICAD, Tokyo International Conference for African Development. The results of this research can be used for the formulation of one of the major program of Japanese International Cooperation Policy for the creation of new global society (to establish Japanese identity) in 21st century through the settlement of Global Environmental Problems and the correction of the gap between south and north countries.								
References	Hirose and Wakatsuki, ed., "Restoration of Inland Valley Ecosystems in West Africa",								
	Nourin-Toukei-Kyoukai, pp 600, 2002 Wakatsuki, T., Otoo, E., Andah, W.E.I., Cobbina, J., Buri, M.M.m and Kubota, D., ed.								
Final Report, JICA/CRI Joint Study Project on Integrated Watershed Management of Valleys in Ghana and West Africa Ecotechnology Approach", Japan Interna									nent of Inland
									International
	Agency, Tokyo, and Crops Research Institute, Accra, Ghana, pp 337, 2001								
Term of Project	Fiscal year	s 2003-20	007. (5ye	ars)					
Budget	FY2003		FY2004	FY200)5	FY200	6	FY2007	TOTAL
Allocation		,700	17,000		5,200		5,700	15,700	
(in thousand of yen)		, -	.,		,		,	2,.00	,2 . 0
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