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Principal Researcher		Totaro	Imasaka				Num	ber of Res	3
							earo	chers	
Research Institution		Profess	or, Graduate	School o	of Ei	ngineering,	Loca	tion of Ins	Fukuoka
• Department	• Title	Depart	ment of App	lied Che	mistry	, Kyushu	titu	tion	
		University							
Title of Pr	Generation of Multi-color Laser Emission and Ultrashort Optical Pulses and Their								
oject	Applications to Advanced Modern Technology								
Abstract of	Many vibrational and rotational Raman lines are simultaneously generated in a wide frequency								
Research Pro	regime from the deep ultraviolet to the infrared by stimulated Raman scattering and subsequent								
ject	four-wave Raman mixing using hydrogen. It has already been shown that these emission lines								
	are phase-locked and generate, in theory, ultimately-short optical pulses. In this work, the								
	following research subjects are studied for the generation of the multi-color laser emission and								
	ultrashort optical pulses and their applications to advanced modern technology.								
	(1) Generation of a highly-repetitive optical pulses								
	A monochromatic continuous-wave Ti: sapphire laser, whose emission wavelength is adjusted to								
	a specified value, is focused into the resonator with high reflectivities, in which hydrogen is								
	contained. This approach promises the generation of high-repetitive (17 THz) ultrashort optical								
	pulses.								
	(2) Generation of a high-power ultrashort optical pulse								
	A femtosecond laser is focused into a Raman cell containing hydrogen for the generation of an								
	ultrashort laser pulse whose pulse duration is ten times shorter than the conventional femtosecond								
	laser. In this case, it is required to sufficiently suppress other nonlinear optical effects.								
	(3)Development of applications for multi-color ultrashort laser								
	The application of highly-repetitive pulses to optical communication and of high-power								
	multi-color laser emission to laser display are studied for practical use in modern society.								
	Time-resolved crystallography will be one of the candidates for basic studies which might be								
	accomplished by a high-power ultrashort laser pulse.								
References	"Generation of Highly-Repetitive Optical Pulses Based on Intra Cavity Four-Wave Raman								
	Mixing", K. Shinzen, Y. Hirakawa, T. Imasaka, Phys. Rev. Lett., 87(22), 3901 (2001).								
Term of Project	Fiscal years 2001-2005 (5years)								
Budget Alloc	FY20	001	FY2002	FY200)3	FY2004	4	FY2005	TOTAL
ation									
(in thousand of yen)		28,600	19,700	2	6,900	11	,400	8,600) 95,200
Homepage Address				http://imasaka10.cstm.kyushu-u.ac.jp/					