

FUNDING PROGRAM FOR NEXT GENERATION WORLD-LEADING RESEARCHERS

Project Title: Novel Therapeutic Strategies for Targeting Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors (TKI)-resistant Cancer Stem Cells

Name: Kazuhito NAKA

Institution: Kanazawa University

1. Background of research

Although the discovery of the tyrosine kinase inhibitors (TKI) have significantly improved the prognosis of chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) patients, a complete cure is not possible due to the existence of a rare population of CML stem cells known to be resistant to TKI therapy.

2. Research objectives

The purpose of our current research is to clarify the molecular mechanisms governing TKI-resistance of CML stem cells via TGF- β -FOXO signaling pathway.

3. Research characteristics (incl. originality and creativity)

We have recently reported that Forkhead transcription factor (FOXO) is essential for the TKI-resistance of CML stem cells (Naka *et al.*, Nature 2010). Furthermore, TGF- β originate from the microenvironment regulates FOXO activity in CML stem cells. Notably, a combined administration of TGF- β inhibitor and TKI leads to reduction of CML stem cells *in vivo*. Our results demonstrate a critical role for the TGF- β -FOXO pathway in the maintenance of TKI-resistant CML stem cells.

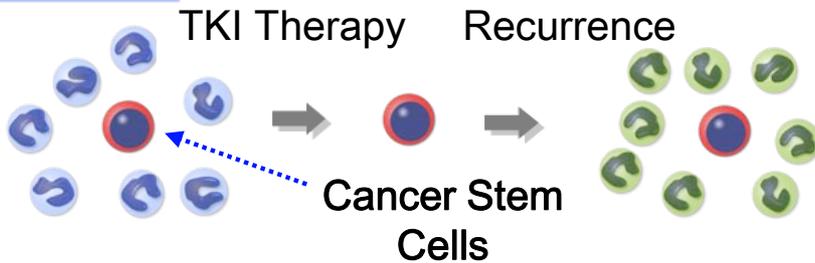
4. Anticipated effects and future applications of research

The long-term outcome of our investigation will hopefully be the development of novel agents that can specifically suppress the effects of these TGF- β -FOXO signaling pathway, and thereby provide a novel avenue for curative TKI-resistant cancer stem cell therapy for CML patients as well as breast cancer and non-small cell lung cancer patients.

Novel Therapeutic Strategies for Targeting Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors (TKI)-resistant Cancer Stem Cells

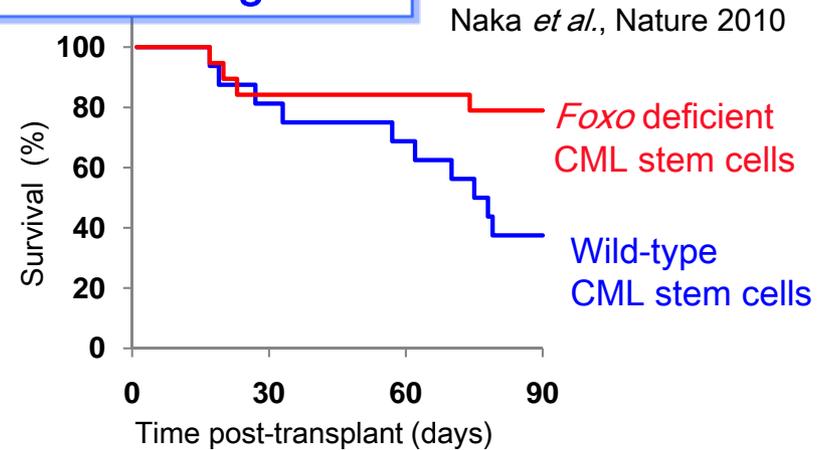
Kazuhito Naka, Kanazawa University

Purpose



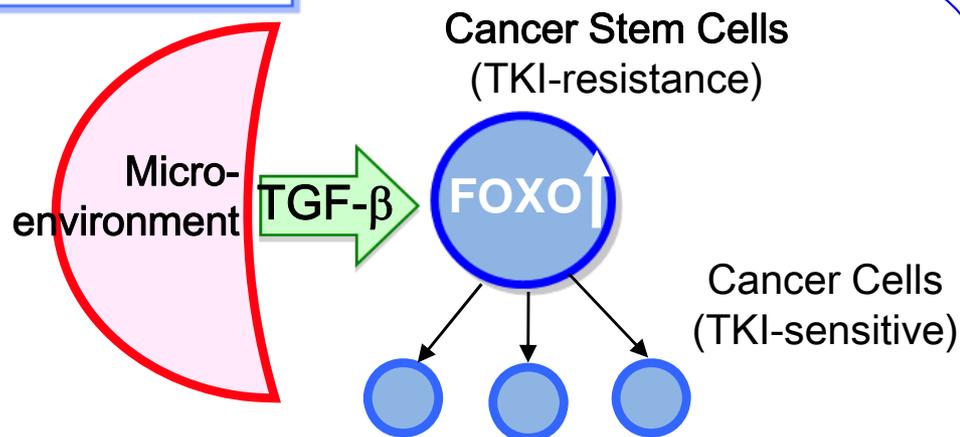
The purpose of our research is the development of novel agents that specifically suppress **TGF- β -FOXO signaling pathway**, and thereby provide a novel avenue for curative TKI-resistant cancer stem cell therapy.

Previous Findings



Foxo deficiency promoted the survival of CML-affected mice after administration of TKI.

Significance



FOXO is responsible for TKI-resistance of CML stem cells. TGF- β from the microenvironment activates FOXO in CML stem cells. Thus, **TGF- β -FOXO signaling pathway maintains TKI-resistant CML stem cells.**

Strategy

Identification of Molecular Mechanisms Governing TGF- β -FOXO Signaling Pathway in TKI-resistant CML Stem Cells

Development of Therapeutic Agents Targeting the TGF- β -FOXO Signaling Pathway

Application of the Agents to Breast and Lung Cancer Stem Cell Therapy